

Building Our First Salt
Project

DevOps 103

What Are We Building?

- The Gateway servers regularly require the upload of new firmware revisions. We will be attempting to build a project that automates the lifecycle of this process.

Requirements

- Transcribe commands from Davos' notes and a change control document
- Copy firmware to a "lead" GW server.
- Perform checksum to verify firmware has not been modified from original.
- Make commands modular, such that they can support differing versions, packages, products, etc.
- Build-in capabilities not only to provision, but to deprecate firmware.

Out-of-scope

- Installing any software (cmssupport is a part of STOP RPM packages)
- Configuring cmssupport

Logic

If / Then / Else

```
INSTALL_PACKAGE=True  
PACKAGE=BluTag
```

```
if $INSTALL_PACKAGE == True  
then  
    yum install -y $PACKAGE  
    echo "$PACKAGE installed!"  
else  
    echo "$PACKAGE will not be installed."  
done
```

For each

```
$PACKAGES="$REDACTED,$REDACTED,  
$REDACTED"
```

```
for $PACKAGE in $PACKAGES  
do  
    yum install -y $PACKAGE  
    echo "$PACKAGE installed"  
done
```

Test-Driven Development

- Tests are ALWAYS about what data you are feeding into a system, and what results you expect to see.
- In Salt, tests can be as simple as creating pillars before you start working with code.
- Pillars are ultimately what will be used to perform integration tests, when using a tool like KitchenCI.

Create a Pillar File

- To begin, we will create a pillar file that contains a data structure we would like to use.
- We will save this under:
 - `./pillar/gateway.sls`

```
gateway:
  firmware:
    packages:
      $REDACTED:
        V7_9_1_27:
          target: ALL
          version_simple: 9.1.27
          present: True
          checksum: 15BC
          type: T
          bit_length: 128
```

Add Pillar to Top File

- Now, let's assign our pillar to an environment and a target in the top file:
 - `./pillar/top.sls`

development:

`'*gw*':`

`- gateway`

Create a Salt State

- With pillars out of the way, let's create our first state file:
 - `./salt/gateway/init.sls`

Include:

- `gateway.configure`

Create a Salt State

- Now, let's create a second:
 - `./salt/gateway/configure.sls`
- Let's also update our top file:

```
development:  
  '*gw*':  
    - gateway
```

Working with “configure.sls”

- Looking at our code, it is clear that most of what we need to do will be performed over the command line. Thus, we should use the `cmd.run` function.
- Let's create the most simple of states – just to confirm that `cmd.run` is functioning correctly.

```
gateway-configure-{{saltenv}}:  
  cmd.run:  
    - name: echo "Testing Salt function!"
```

Testing “configure.sls”

- With that completed, let’s commit and push our code to the “development” branch.
- Now, run the following command to test your changes:
 - salt ‘d1gw01’ state.highstate saltenv=development pillarenv=development

```
[root@appsalt01 salt]# salt 'd2gw21' state.highstate saltenv=development pillarenv=development
d2gw21:
17:28:27.845828 [902.429 ms]      pkg.installed Clean      Name: logrotate-pkg
17:28:28.751041 [155.762 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.conf
17:28:28.907078 [  1.033 ms]      file.directory Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d
17:28:28.910010 [ 44.766 ms]      service.running Clean      Name: crond
17:28:28.955477 [ 49.114 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/tdcc
17:28:29.005068 [ 48.497 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/pm2
17:28:29.054088 [ 46.795 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/psacct-rpm
17:28:29.101352 [ 49.825 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/stop
17:28:29.151702 [ 49.855 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/rabbitmq
17:28:29.202065 [ 49.465 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/kafka
17:28:29.252020 [ 47.735 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/kannel
17:28:29.300612 [ 49.859 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/mysql
17:28:29.351135 [ 57.246 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/apache
17:28:29.409211 [ 48.328 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/enrolleepay
17:28:29.458039 [ 48.026 ms]      file.managed  Clean      Name: /etc/logrotate.d/salt

Summary for d2gw21
-----
Succeeded: 15
Failed:    0
-----
Total states run:    15
Total run time:    1.649 s
```

Working with “configure.sls”

- Now that our states are working properly, let's feed some data into them. To do this, we must import pillar data.

```
{% for package, versions in salt['pillar.get']('gateway:firmware:packages').items() %}
```

```
gateway-configure-{{ saltenv }}-{{ package }}-{{ version }}:
```

```
  cmd.run:
```

```
    - name: echo "Installing {{ package }} version {{ version }}!"
```

```
    - runas: tdcc
```

```
    - cwd: /usr/local/tdcc/cmssupport
```

```
{% endfor %}
```

Working with “configure.sls”

Expected Result

- Now, if we run another highstate, we expect to get this result:
 - Installing \$REDACTED version V2_11_00!

Actual Result

- Instead, we get this result:
 - Installing \$REDACTED version V2_11_00!
 - Installing \$REDACTED version V1_11_00!

Working with “configure.sls”

- This happens because we have not excluded packages from installation.
- To do this, we must use if/then/else logic.

<See project code>

Testing “configure.sls”

- From here, we should be able to test installing/removing packages by toggling data in our pillar files.

Moving Forward

- Our project is far from complete. There are many more commands we must configure, and there are inevitably going to be flaws in our design. Revision and testing will be necessary.
- Remember to make incremental and small changes. Changing too much at once adds unnecessary complexity to the troubleshooting process.

Questions?

